

MODERN PENTATHLON AUSTRALIA MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY VERSION 3 Updated 2018

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REVIEW HISTORY OF MODERN PENTATHLON AUSTRALIA

MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

Version	Date reviewed	Date endorsed	Content reviewed/purpose
One			None new policy
Тwo	September 2012	24 September 2012 MPA Board Meeting	 Updated child protection requirements including new legislation Updated codes of conduct Addition of new policy statements; pregnancy sexual relationships, gender identity, cyber bullying
Three	June 2017	DRAFT	 Revised and expanded Dictionary of Terms. Terminology reviewed and amended throughout document reflecting input from the Australian Human Rights Commission and the Victorian Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Commission. Large scale amendments to Section 6 to more accurately reflect current terminology. Tribunal Processes amended. Complaints Procedure amended. All Attachments amended to reflect up-to-date and practical language. Part C: amended to reflect mandatory requirements in Tasmania.
Four	July 2017	June MPA Board Meeting	Draft Version Approved
Five	Jan 2018	MPA Board	Review and approval of final draft



PREFACE

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to the health, safety and general well-being of all of its members, member associations and affiliated Clubs. The organisation is dedicated to providing a safe environment for our members and service providers participating in our activities and ensuring that our core values, good reputation and positive behaviours and attitudes are maintained.

This Policy is an integral part of our organisation's proactive and preventative approach to providing a safe and comfortable environment whereby everyone is treated with respect and dignity so that all members, competitors, coaches, officials, administrators, volunteers and supporters can enjoy the great sport of modern pentathlon.

The Policy also provides the procedures that support Modern Pentathlon Australia's commitment to eliminating discrimination, harassment, child abuse and other forms of inappropriate behavior from modern pentathlon and to ensure that everyone involved in modern pentathlon is aware of their legal and ethical rights and responsibilities.

It is our commitment to ensure that everyone associated with Modern Pentathlon Australia complies with this Policy.

Kitty Chiller

Partly Stull

President

Modern Pentathlon Australia March 2018



PART A: MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY

1. Introduction

This Part sets out the purpose of this Policy, who it applies to, when it commences, what words mean and who has responsibilities under the Policy.

2. Purpose of this policy

This Modern Pentathlon Australia (MPA) Member Protection Policy ("policy") aims to assist Modern Pentathlon Australia to uphold its core values and create a safe, fair and inclusive environment for everyone associated with our sport. It sets out our commitment to ensure every person is bound by the policy is treated with respect and dignity and protected from discrimination, harassment and abuse. It also seeks to ensure that everyone involved in our sport is aware of their key legal and ethical rights and responsibilities, as well as the standards of behaviour expected of them.

The attachments to this policy describe the practical steps we take to eliminate discrimination, harassment, child abuse and other forms of inappropriate behaviour from our sport. As part of this commitment, Modern Pentathlon Australia will take disciplinary action against any person or organisation bound by this policy if they breach the policy.

This policy has been endorsed by the Modern Pentathlon Australia Board at its meeting in June, September 2017 and finalized the document in February 2018 and shall be binding on all Members. These policy amendments will commence on February 2018 and will operate until replaced. This policy and/or its attachments may be amended from time to time by resolution of the Board. Copies of the policy and its attachments can be obtained from our website.

For information on the rights, responsibilities and requirements for people involved in our sport at the state and club level please refer to the member protection policies of the relevant state association or club.

3. Who this Policy Applies To

This policy should apply to as many persons as possible who are involved with the activities of Modern Pentathlon Australia, whether they are in a paid or unpaid/voluntary capacity and including:

- 3.1 persons appointed or elected to national boards, committees, commissions and subcommittees;
- 3.2 employees of Modern Pentathlon Australia;
- 3.3 members of the Modern Pentathlon Australia Executive;
- 3.4 support personnel appointed or elected to national teams and squads (e.g. managers, physiotherapists, psychologists, masseurs, sport trainers);
- 3.5 national coaches and assistant coaches including NTC/EDC and SIS/SAS modern pentathlon coaches;
- 3.6 national representative athletes;
- 3.7 National & judges, and other officials involved in the regulation of the sport;
- 3.8 members, including life members of Modern Pentathlon Australia and/or any state body/club;
- 3.9 athletes, coaches, officials and other personnel participating in events and activities, including camps and training sessions, held or sanctioned by Modern Pentathlon Australia;



3.10 Any other person including spectators, parents/guardians and sponsors, who or which agrees in writing (whether on a ticket, entry form or otherwise) to be bound by this policy;

It is also intended this policy will apply to:

- 3.11 member associations;
- 3.12 affiliated clubs and associated organisations.

3.13 Coaches Association, Athletes Commission, Coaching Commission, Referees Commission

This policy will continue to apply to a person even after they have stopped their association or employment with Modern Pentathlon Australia if disciplinary action, relating to an allegation of child abuse against that person, has commenced.

4. Responsibilities of the Organisation

Modern Pentathlon Australia, member associations and affiliated club must:

- 4.1 adopt, implement and comply with this policy;
- 4.2 ensure that this policy is enforceable;
- 4.3 publish, distribute and promote this policy and the consequences of breaches;
- 4.4 promote and model appropriate standards of behaviour at all times;
- 4.5 deal with any complaints made under this policy in an appropriate manner;
- 4.6 deal with any breaches made under this policy in an appropriate manner;
- 4.7 recognise and enforce any penalty imposed under this policy;
- 4.8 ensure that a copy of this policy is available or accessible to all people and associations to whom this policy applies;
- 4.9 use appropriately trained people to receive and manage complaints and allegations of inappropriate behaviour e.g. Member Protection Information Officers (MPIOs);
- 4.10 Monitor and review this policy at least annually.

5. Individual Responsibilities

Individuals bound by this policy must:

- 5.1 make themselves aware of the contents of this policy;
- 5.2 comply with all relevant provisions of the policy, including any codes of conduct and the steps for making a complaint or reporting possible child abuse set out in this policy;
- 5.3 consent to the screening requirements set out in this policy, and any state/territory Working with Children checks if the person holds or applies for a role that involves regular unsupervised contact with a child or young person under the age of 18 or where otherwise required by law;
- 5.4 place the safety and welfare of children above other considerations;
- 5.5 be accountable for their behaviour; and
- 5.6 comply with any decisions and/or disciplinary measures imposed under this policy.

6. **Position Statements**

6.1 Child Protection

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to the safety and wellbeing of all children and young people who participate in our sport or access our services. We support the rights of the child and will act at all times to ensure a child safe environment is maintained.



We acknowledge the valuable contribution made by our staff, members and volunteers and we encourage their active participation in providing a safe, fair and inclusive environment for all participants.

6.1.1: Identify and analyse risk of harm

We will develop and implement a risk management strategy, including a review of our existing child protection practices, to determine how child-safe our organisation is and to identify any additional steps we can take to minimise and prevent risk of harm to children because of the action of an employee, volunteer or another person.

6.1.2: Develop codes of behaviour

We will develop and promote a code of behavior that sets out the conduct we expect of adults when they deal and interact with children involved in our sport, especially those in our care. We will also implement a code of behaviour to promote appropriate conduct between children.

These codes will clearly describe professional boundaries, ethical behaviour and unacceptable behaviour. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

6.1.3: Choose suitable employees and volunteers

We will take all reasonable steps to ensure that our organisation engages suitable and appropriate people to work with children, especially those in positions that involve regular unsupervised contact with children. This will include using a range of screening measures.

We will ensure that Working with Children Checks are conducted for all employees and volunteers who work with children, where an assessment is required by law. If a criminal history report is obtained as part of their screening process we will handle this information confidentially and in accordance with relevant legal requirements. (Refer to the attachments in Part B of this policy.)

6.1.4: Support, train, supervise and enhance performance

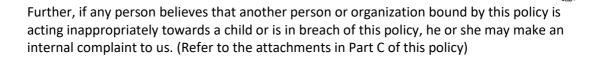
We will ensure that all our employees and volunteers who work with children have ongoing supervision, support and training. Our goal is to develop their skills and capacity and to enhance their performance so we can maintain a child-safe environment in our sport.

6.1.5: Empower and promote the participation of children

We will encourage children and young people to be involved in developing and maintaining a child-safe environment for our sport.

6.1.6: Report and respond appropriately to suspected abuse and neglect

We will ensure that our employees and volunteers are able to identify and respond appropriately to children at risk of harm and that they are aware of their responsibilities under respective state laws to make a report if they suspect on reasonable grounds that a child has been, or is being, abused or neglected. (Refer to the attachments in Part B of this policy)



6.2 Taking images of children

There is a risk that images of children may be used inappropriately or illegally. We require that individuals and associations, wherever possible, obtain permission from a child's parent/guardian before taking an image of a child that is not their own. They should also make sure the parent/guardian understands how the image will be used.

To respect people's privacy, we do not allow camera phones, videos and cameras to be used inside changing areas, showers and toilets which we control or are used in connection with our sport.

When using a photo of a child, we will not name or identify the child or publish personal information, such as residential address, email address or telephone number, without the consent of the child's parent/guardian. We will not provide information about a child's hobbies, interests, school or the like, as this can be used by pedophiles or other persons to "groom" a child.

We will only use appropriate images of a child, relevant to our sport and we will ensure that they are suitably clothed in a manner that promotes participation in the sport. We will seek permission from the parents/guardians of the children before using images. We require our member associations and clubs to do likewise.

6.3 Anti-discrimination and harassment

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to providing an environment in which people are treated fairly and equitably and that is, as far as practicable, free from all forms of discrimination and harassment.

We recognise that people may not be able to enjoy themselves or perform at their best if they are treated unfairly, discriminated against or harassed.

6.3.1 Discrimination

Unlawful discrimination involves the less favourable treatment of a person on the basis of one or more of the personal characteristics protected by state or federal antidiscrimination laws.

The personal characteristics protected by anti-discrimination laws include attributes such as race, age, disability, gender and race. The full list of protected personal characteristics is in the "Definitions" set out in the Dictionary of Terms.

Discrimination can be either direct or indirect.

- Direct discrimination occurs if a person treats, or proposes to treat, a person with a protected personal characteristic unfavourably because of that personal characteristic.
- **Indirect** discrimination occurs if a person imposes, or proposes to impose, a requirement, condition or practice that will disadvantage a person with a protected personal characteristic and that requirement, condition or practice is not reasonable.

For the purposes of determining discrimination, the offender's awareness and motive are irrelevant.



6.3.2 Harassment

Harassment is any unwelcome conduct, verbal or physical, that intimidates, offends or humiliates another person and which happens because a person has a certain personal characteristic protected by State or Federal anti-discrimination legislation.

The offensive behaviours does not have to take place a number of times, a single incident can constitute harassment.

Sexual harassment is one type of harassment. Sexual harassment is unwelcome conduct, remarks or innuendo of a sexual nature. It covers a wide range of behaviours and can be verbal, written, visual or physical. Sexual harassment is not limited to members of the opposite sex.

6.3.3 Prohibition against discrimination and harassment

We prohibit all forms of harassment and discrimination based on the personal characteristics listed in the "Definitions" set out in the Dictionary of Terms (see clause 10)

Any person who believes they are being, or have been, harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this policy is encouraged to raise their concerns with us. A person may make an internal complaint, and in some circumstances, they may also be able to make a complaint to an external organisation. (Refer to the attachments in Part C of this policy.)

6.4 Intimate Relationships

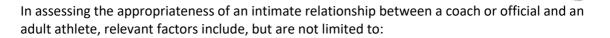
Modern Pentathlon Australia understands that consensual intimate relationships (including but not limited to sexual relationships) between coaches or officials and adult athletes may take place legally. However this policy will help ensure that the expectation of coaches or officials are clear and, to ensure that if an intimate relationship does exist or develop between a coach or official and an adult athlete, that relationship will be managed in an appropriate manner.

Coaches and officials are required to conduct themselves in a professional and appropriate manner in all interactions with athletes. In particular, they must ensure that they treat athletes in a respectful and fair manner, and that they do not engage in sexual harassment, bullying, favoritism or exploitation.

We take the position that consensual intimate relationships between coaches or officials and the adult athletes that they coach should be avoided as can have harmful effects on the athlete involved, on other athletes and coaches, and on the sport's public image. These relationships can also be perceived to be exploitative due to the differences in authority power, maturity, status, influence and dependence between the coach or official and athlete.

We recommend that if an athlete attempts to initiate an intimate relationship with a coach or official, the coach or official should discourage the athlete's approach and explain to the athlete why such a relationship is not appropriate.

If a consensual intimate relationship does exist or develop between an adult athlete and a coach or official, the coach or official is expected to ensure that the relationship is appropriate and that it does not compromise impartiality, professional standards or the relationship of trust the coach or official has with the athlete and/or other athletes.



- the relative age and social maturity of the athlete;
- any potential vulnerability of the athlete;
- any financial and/or emotional dependence of the athlete on the coach or official;
- the ability of the coach or official to influence the progress, outcomes or progression of the athlete's performance and/or career;
- the extent of power imbalance between the athlete and coach or official; and The likelihood of the relationship having an adverse impact on the athlete and/or other athletes.

It will often be difficult for a coach or official involved in an intimate relationship with an adult athlete to make an objective assessment of its appropriateness and accordingly they are encouraged to seek advice from the Member Protection Information Officer, National Secretary, and Modern Pentathlon Australia to ensure that they have not involved themselves in inappropriate or unprofessional conduct.

If it is determined that an intimate relationship between a coach or official and an adult athlete is inappropriate or unprofessional we may take disciplinary action against the coach or official up to and including dismissal. Action may also be taken to stop the coaching relationship with the athlete. This could include a transfer, a request for resignation or dismissal from coaching duties.

If a coach, official or athlete believes they are being, or have been, harassed they are encouraged to seek information and support from the Member Protection Information Officer, National Secretary, and Modern Pentathlon Australia. Our complaints procedure is outlined in Part C of this policy.

6.5 Pregnancy

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to treating pregnant women fairly and to removing any unreasonable barriers to their full participation in our sport. We will not tolerate any discrimination or harassment against pregnant women.

Modern Pentathlon Australia will take reasonable care to ensure the continuing safety, health and wellbeing of pregnant women. We will advise pregnant women that there may be risks involved with their continuing participation in sport, and we will encourage them to obtain medical advice about those risks. Pregnant women should be aware that their own health and wellbeing, and that of their unborn child, is of utmost importance in their decision-making about the extent they choose to participate in our sport.

We encourage all pregnant women to talk with their medical advisers, make themselves aware of the facts about pregnancy in sport and ensure that they make informed decisions about their participation in our sport. Pregnant women should make these decisions themselves, in consultation with their medical advisers and in discussion with Modern Pentathlon Australia.

We will only require pregnant women to sign a disclaimer in relation to their participation in our sport whilst they are pregnant if all other participants are required to sign one in similar circumstances. We will not require women to undertake a pregnancy test.

If a pregnant woman believes she is being, or has been, harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this Policy, she may make a complaint. (Refer to the attachments in Part C of this policy.)



6.6 Gender Identity

Gender identity means the gender-related identity, appearance or mannerisms or other genderrelated characteristics of a person. This includes the way people express or present their gender and recognises that a person's gender identity may be an identity other than male or female. Some terms used to describe a person's gender identity include Trans, transgender and gender diverse.

6.6.1 Gender identity discrimination and harassment

Federal, state and territory anti-discrimination laws provide protection from discrimination against people on the basis of their gender identity. (See definition in Dictionary of terms).

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to providing a safe, fair and inclusive sporting environment all where people can contribute and participate. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person because of their gender identity.

All persons, regardless of gender identity, are entitled to be treated fairly and with dignity and respect at all times. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person because of their gender identity. This includes discrimination or harassment of a person who is transgender or transsexual, who is assumed to be transgender or transsexual or has an association with someone who has or is assumed to be transgender or transsexual. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

We expect all people bound by this policy to act with sensitivity when a person is undergoing gender transition/affirmation.

If any person believes that they are being, or have been, harassed or discriminated against by another person or organisation bound by this policy because of their gender identity, they may make a complaint.

6.6.2 Participation in sport

Modern Pentathlon Australia recognises that excluding people from participating in sporting events and activities because of their gender identity may have significant implications for their health, wellbeing and involvement in community life. We are committed to I supporting participation in our sport on the basis of the gender with which a person identifies.

If issues of performance advantage arise, we will consider whether the established discrimination exceptions for participation in sport are relevant in the circumstances. Discrimination is unlawful unless an exception applies.

Modern Pentathlon Australia is aware that the International Olympic Committee (IOC) has established criteria for selection and participation in the Olympic Games. Where a transgender person intends to compete at an elite level, we will encourage them to obtain advice about the IOC's criteria which may differ from the position we have taken.

Drug testing procedures and prohibitions also apply to people who identify as transgender. A person receiving treatment involving a Prohibited Substance or Method, as described on the World Anti-Doping Agency's Prohibited List, should apply for a standard Therapeutic Use Exemption.



6.6.3. Intersex status

Federal anti-discrimination law, and some state and territory anti-discrimination laws, provide protection from discrimination against a person on the basis of their intersex status. (See Dictionary of terms).

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to providing a safe, fair and inclusive sporting environment where all people can contribute and participate. We will not tolerate any unlawful discrimination or harassment of a person because of their intersex status.

6.7 Responsible service and consumption of alcohol

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to conducting sporting and social events in a manner that promotes the responsible service and consumption of alcohol. We also recommend that state associations and member clubs follow strict guidelines regarding the service and consumption of alcohol.

In general, our policy is that:

- alcohol should not be available or consumed at sporting events involving children and young people under the age of 18;
- alcohol-free social events be provided for young people and families;
- food and low-alcohol and non-alcoholic drinks be available at events we hold or endorse where alcohol is served;
- a staff member is present at events we hold or endorse where alcohol is served to ensure appropriate practices in respect of the consumption of alcohol are followed;
- Safe transport options are promoted as part of any event we hold or endorse where alcohol is served.

6.8 Smoke-free environment

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to providing a safe and healthy environment at all sporting and social events that we hold or endorse.

In general, our policy is that:

- No smoking shall occur at or near sporting events involving children and young people under the age of 18. This policy shall apply to coaches, players, trainers, officials and volunteers;
- social events shall be smoke-free, with smoking permitted at designated outdoor smoking areas; and
- Coaches, officials, trainers, volunteers and players will refrain from smoking while they are involved in an official capacity in our sport, both on and off the field.

6.9 Bullying

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to providing an environment that is free from bullying. We understand that bullying has the potential to result in significant negative consequences for an individual's health and wellbeing, and we regard bullying in all forms as unacceptable in our sport.

Bullying is characterised by repeated, unreasonable behaviour directed at a person, or group of persons, that creates a risk to health and safety. Bullying behaviour is that which a reasonable



person in the circumstances would expect to victimise, humiliate, undermine, threaten, degrade, offend or intimidate a person. Bullying behaviour can include actions of an individual or a group.

Whilst generally characterised by repeated behaviours, one-off instances can amount to bullying.

The following types of behaviour, where repeated or occurring as part of a pattern of behaviour, would be considered bullying:

- verbal abuse including shouting, swearing, teasing, making belittling remarks or persistent unjustified criticism;
- excluding or isolating a group or person;
- spreading malicious rumours; or
- Psychological harassment such as intimidation.

Bullying includes cyber-bulling which occurs through the use of technology. New technologies and communication tools, such as smart phones and social networking websites, have greatly increased the potential for people to be bullied though unwanted and inappropriate comments. Modern Pentathlon Australia will not tolerate abusive, discriminatory, intimidating or offensive statements being made online. Frustration at a referee, teammate, coach or sporting body should never be communicated on social networking websites. These issues should instead be addressed – in a written or verbal statement or a complaint – to the relevant controlling club, league or peak sporting body.

If any person believes they are being, or have been, bullied by another person or organisation bound by this policy, he or she may make a complaint. (Refer to the attachments in Part D of this policy.)

6.10 Social Networking

Modern Pentathlon Australia acknowledges the enormous value of social networking to promote our sport and celebrate the achievements and success of the people involved in our sport.

Social networking refers to any interactive website or technology that enables people to communicate and/or share content via the internet. This includes social networking websites such as Facebook and Twitter.

We expect all people bound by this policy to conduct themselves appropriately when using social networking sites to share information related to our sport.

In particular social media activity including, but not limited to, postings, blogs, status updates, and tweets:

- must not contain material which is, or has the potential to be, offensive, aggressive, defamatory, threatening, discriminatory, obscene, profane, harassing, embarrassing, intimidating, sexually explicit, bullying, hateful, racist, sexist or otherwise inappropriate;
- must not contain material which is inaccurate, misleading or fraudulent;
- must not contain material which is in breach of laws, court orders, undertakings or contracts;
- should respect and maintain the privacy of others; and
- Should promote the sport in a positive way.



7. Complaints Procedures

7.1 Handling Complaints

Modern Pentathlon Australia aims to provide a simple, confidential and trustworthy procedure for resolving complaints based on the principles of procedural fairness.

Any person (a complainant) may report a complaint about a person, people or organisation bound by this policy (respondent) if they feel they have been discriminated against, harassed, bullied or there has been any other breach of this policy.

In the first instance, complaints should be reported to the National Secretary.

If a complaint relates to behaviour or an incident that occurred at the:

- state level, or involves people operating at the state level, then the complaint should be reported to and handled by the relevant state association in the first instance
- Club level, or involves people operating at the club level, then the complaint should be reported to and handled by the relevant club in the first instance.

Only matters that relate to, or which occurred at, the national level, as well as serious cases referred from the state and club level, should be dealt with by the national body.

A complaint may be handled informally or formally. The complainant may indicate his or her preferred option and the National Secretary should consider whether that is an appropriate way to handle the particular complaint. For example, the law may require that the complaint/allegation be reported to an appropriate authority.

All complaints will be dealt with promptly, seriously, sensitively and confidentially. Our procedures for handling and resolving complaints are outlined in Attachment C.

Individuals and organisations may also seek to have their complaint handled by an external agency under anti-discrimination, child protection, criminal or other relevant legislation.

7.2 Improper Complaints and Victimisation

Modern Pentathlon Australia aims to ensure that our complaints procedure has integrity and is free of unfair repercussions or Victimisation against any person making a complaint.

We will take all necessary steps to make sure that people involved in a complaint are not victimised. Disciplinary measures may be undertaken in respect of a person who harasses or victimises another person for making a complaint or supporting another person's complaint.

If at any point in the complaint handling process the *National Secretary* considers that a complainant has knowingly made an untrue complaint, or the complaint is malicious or inappropriately intended to cause distress to the respondent, the matter may be referred in writing to the Modern Pentathlon Australia Executive Board for review and appropriate action, including possible disciplinary action against the complainant.

7.3 Mediation

Modern Pentathlon Australia aims to resolve complaints quickly and fairly. Complaints may be resolved by agreement between the people involved with no need for disciplinary action.

Mediation is a confidential process that allows those involved in a complaint to discuss the issues or incident in question and come up with mutually agreed solutions. It may occur before or after the investigation of a complaint.



If a complainant wishes to resolve the complaint with the help of a mediator, the National Secretary will, in consultation with the complainant, arrange for an independent mediator where possible. We will not allow lawyers to participate in the mediation process.

More information on the mediation process is outlined in Attachment C2.

7.4 Tribunals

In accordance with Modern Pentathlon Australia rules a Tribunal may be convened to hear a proceeding:

- referred to it by National Secretary
- referred to it or escalated by a state association because of the serious nature of the complaint, because it was unable to be resolved at the state level or because the policy of the state association directs it to be
- For an alleged breach of this policy.

Our Tribunal procedure is outlined in Attachment C5.

A respondent may lodge an appeal to the Appeal Tribunal in respect of a Tribunal decision. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal is final and binding on the people involved. Our appeals process is outlined in Attachment [D4].

Every organisation bound by this policy will recognises and enforce any decision of a Tribunal or Appeal Tribunal under this policy.

[Note: NSOs must ensure that this procedure accurately reflects their tribunal and appeal rules, constituent documents and other rules, regulations or by-laws.]

8. What is a Breach of this policy?

It is a breach of this policy for any person or organisation bound by this policy to do anything contrary to this policy, including but not limited to:

- 8.1 breaching the codes of behaviour (see Part D of this policy);
- 8.2 bringing the sport and Modern Pentathlon Australia into disrepute, or acting in a manner likely to bring the sport and Modern Pentathlon Australia into disrepute;
- 8.3 failing to follow Modern Pentathlon Australia policies (including this policy) and our procedures for the protection, safety and well-being of children;
- 8.4 discriminating against, harassing or bullying (including cyber-bullying) any person;
- 8.5 victimising another person for making or supporting a complaint;
- 8.6 engaging in an inappropriate intimate relationship with a person that he or she supervises, or has influence, authority or power over;
- 8.7 Verbally or physically assaulting another person, intimidating another person or creating a hostile environment within the sport;
- 8.8 disclosing to any unauthorised person or organisation any Modern Pentathlon Australia information that is of a private, confidential or privileged nature;
- 8.9 making a complaint that they know to be untrue, vexatious, malicious or improper;
- 8.10 failing to comply with a penalty imposed after a finding that the individual or organisation has breached this policy; and
- 8.11 failing to comply with a direction given to the individual or organisation as part of a disciplinary process.



9. Disciplinary Measures

Modern Pentathlon Australia may impose disciplinary measures on an individual or organisation for a breach of this policy.

Any disciplinary measure imposed will be:

- fair and reasonable;
- applied consistent with any contractual and employment rules and requirements;
- be based on the evidence and information presented and the seriousness of the breach; and
- Be determined in accordance with our constituent documents, by-laws, this policy and/or the rules of the sport.

9.1 Individuals

Subject to contractual and employment requirements, if a finding is made by a Tribunal that an individual has breached this policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed.

- 9.1.1 A direction that the individual make a verbal and/or written apology;
- 9.1.2 A written warning;
- 9.1.3 A direction that the individual attend counselling to address their behaviour;

9.1.4 A withdrawal of any awards, scholarships, placings, records, achievements bestowed in any tournaments, activities or events held or sanctioned by Modern Pentathlon Australia or Member State Associations;

9.1.5 A demotion or transfer of the individual to another location, role or activity;

9.1.6 A suspension of the individual's membership or participation or engagement in a role or activity;

9.1.7 Termination of the individual's membership, appointment or engagement;

9.1.8 A recommendation that Modern Pentathlon Australia terminate the individual's membership, appointment or engagement;

9.1.9 In the case of a coach or official, a direction that the relevant organisation deregister the accreditation of the coach or official for a period of time or permanently;9.1.10 a fine;

9.1.11 any other forms of discipline that Modern Pentathlon Australia considers appropriate.

9.2 Organisation

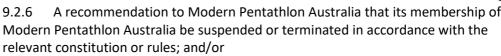
If a finding is made that a member or affiliated organisation of Modern Pentathlon Australia has breached its own or this national Member Protection Policy, one or more of the following forms of discipline may be imposed by the Modern Pentathlon Australia Board.

- 9.2.1 A written warning;
- 9.2.2 A fine;

9.2.3 A direction that any rights, privileges and benefits provided to that organisation by the national body or other peak association is suspended for a specified period;

9.2.4 A direction that any funding granted or given to it by Modern Pentathlon Australia ceases from a specified date;

9.2.5 A direction that Modern Pentathlon Australia cease to sanction events held by or under the auspices of that organisation;



9.2.7 Any other form of discipline that the national body or peak organisation considers being reasonable and appropriate.

9.3 Factors to consider

The form of discipline to be imposed on an individual or organisation will depend on factors such as:

- nature and seriousness of the breach;
- if the person knew or should have known that the behaviour was a breach;
- level of contrition;
- the effect of the proposed disciplinary measures on the person including any personal, professional or financial consequences;
- if there have been relevant prior warnings or disciplinary action;
- ability to enforce discipline if the person is a parent or spectator (even if they are bound by the policy); and/or
- Any other mitigating circumstances.

10. Dictionary

This Dictionary sets out the meaning of words used in this policy and its attachments without limiting the ordinary and natural meaning of the words. State/Territory specific definitions and more detail on some of the words in this dictionary can be sourced from the relevant State/Territory child protection commissions or equal opportunity and anti-discrimination commissions.

Abuse is a form of harassment and includes physical abuse, emotional abuse, sexual abuse, neglect, and abuse of power. Examples of abusive behaviour include bullying, humiliation, verbal abuse and insults.

Affiliated club means a Club under the jurisdiction of a Member.

Child means a person who is under the age of 18 years

Child abuse involves conduct which puts children at risk of harm (usually by adults, sometimes by other children) and often by those they know and trust. It can take many forms, including verbal and physical actions and by people failing to provide them with basic care. Child abuse may include:

- Physical abuse which occurs when a child has suffered, or is at risk of suffering, nonaccidental physical trauma or injury. This may include, but is not limited to, hitting, shaking or physical harm, giving a child alcohol or drugs, or training that exceeds the child's development or maturity.
- Sexual abuse which occurs when an adult, or other child, or adolescent, uses their power or authority to involve a child in sexual activity or any other inappropriate conduct of a sexual nature (e.g. sexual intercourse, masturbation, oral sex, pornography including child pornography or inappropriate touching or conversations).
- Emotional abuse which occurs when a child's social, emotional, cognitive or intellectual development is impaired or threatened. Emotional abuse can include, but it not limited to emotional deprivation due to persistent rejection or criticism, hostility, teasing/bullying, humiliation, taunting, and sarcasm, and yelling, negative criticism, name calling or placing unrealistic expectations on a child.



• Neglect, which occurs when a child's basic necessities of life are not met, and their health and development are affected. Basic needs include food, water, shelter, adequate clothing, personal hygiene, timely provision of medical treatment and adequate supervision.

Complaint means a complaint made under clause 7 of this policy.

Complainant means a person making a complaint.

Complaint Handler/Manager means a person appointed under this policy to investigate a Complaint

Discrimination occurs when someone is treated (or is proposed to be treated) unfairly or less favourably than another person in the same or similar circumstances because of the one personal characteristics covered by anti-discrimination laws. This is known as direct discrimination. Indirect discrimination occurs when there is (or is proposed) an unreasonable requirement, condition or practice that seems to treat everyone equally, but which has or is likely to have the effect of disadvantaging persons with a personal characteristic covered by anti-discrimination laws.

In Australia, it is against the law to discriminate against someone because of:

- Age;
- Sex or gender
- Gender identity
- Intersex status
- Race, colour, descent, national or ethnic origin, nationality, ethno-religious origin, immigration
- Disability, mental and physical impairment
- Family/carer responsibilities, status as a parent or carer
- Marital status
- Pregnancy, potential pregnancy, breastfeeding
- Sexual orientation
- Physical features
- Irrelevant medical record
- Irrelevant criminal record, spent convictions
- Political beliefs or activities
- National extraction or social origin
- Lawful sexual activity
- Profession, trade, occupation or calling
- Member of association or organisation or employees or employers, industrial activity, trade union activity
- Defence service
- Personal association with someone who has, or is assumed to have, any of the above characteristics

Examples of discrimination are available on the Play by the Rules website: www.playbytherules.net.au/legal-stuff/discrimination

Some exceptions to state, territory and federal anti-discrimination law apply, including exceptions for sporting activities, such as:

- holding a competitive sporting activity for a specific age or age group (e.g. only those who are under the age of 15 years);
- excluding people on the basis of their 'excluding people on the basis of their sex and/or gender identity status from participation in a competitive sporting activity where the strength, stamina or physique of competitors is relevant to the specific activity (note that this does not apply to activity by children who are under the age of 12 years); and

Not selecting a participant if the person's disability means he or she is not reasonably capable of performing the actions reasonably required for that particular sporting activity.

Harassment is any type of unwelcome behaviour which has the effect of offending, humiliating or intimidating the person harassed. Unlawful harassment can be based on any of the personal characteristics covered by anti-discrimination law, such as a person's race, sex, pregnancy, marital status or sexual orientation (see the list under "Discrimination").

Public acts of racial hatred which are reasonably likely to offend, insult, humiliate or intimidate are also prohibited. This applies to spectators, participants or any other person who engages in such an act in public. Some states and territories also prohibit public acts that vilify people on other grounds such as homosexuality, gender identity; HIV/AIDS, religion and disability (see also "Vilification").

Mediator means an impartial/neutral person appointed to mediate Complaints.

Member means individual member of a Club under the jurisdiction of a Member.

Member Protection Information Officer (MPIO) means a person trained to be the first point of contact for a person reporting a complaint under, or a breach of, this Policy.

Procedural fairness requires that:

- the respondent knows the full details of what is being said against him or her and they have the opportunity to respond;
- no person may judge their own case; and
- The decision-maker(s) must be unbiased, fair and just.

Police check means a national criminal history record check conducted as a pre-employment, preengagement or current employment background check on a person.

Policy, policy and this policy means this Member Protection Policy.

Respondent means the person whose behaviour is the subject of the complaint.

Role-specific codes of conduct (or behaviour) means standards of conduct required of people holding certain roles in our organisation (e.g. coaches, officials, umpires).

Sexual harassment means unwelcome behaviour of a sexual nature which could reasonably be expected to make a person feel humiliated, intimidated or offended. Sexual harassment can take many different forms and may include unwelcome physical contact, verbal comments, jokes, propositions, displays of pornographic or offensive material or other behaviour that creates a sexually hostile environment. Sexual harassment does not have to be intentional.

Sexual offence means a criminal offence involving sexual activity or acts of indecency. Because of differences under state and territory laws, this can include but is not limited to:

- rape
- indecent assault
- sexual assault
- assault with intent to commit sexual acts
- incest
- sexual penetration of child under the age of 16 years
- indecent act with child under the age of 16 years
- sexual relationship with child under the age of 16 years
- sexual offences against people with impaired mental functioning
- abduction and detention
- procuring sexual penetration by threats or fraud



- procuring sexual penetration of child under the age of 16 years
- bestiality
- soliciting a child under the age of 16 years to take part in an act of sexual penetration, or an indecent act
- promoting or engaging in acts of child prostitution
- obtaining benefits from child prostitution
- possession of child pornography
- Publishing child pornography and indecent articles.

Transgender 'Transgender' is an umbrella term that refers to a person whose gender identity is different to their physical sex as recorded at birth. Transitioning refers to the process where a transgender person commences living as a member of another sex. This is sometimes referred to as the person 'affirming' their gender because transitioning means they start living in what they identify as their true gender. For people who are transitioning/affirming their gender, having their identity fully recognised in all areas of life is a crucial part of the experience of living as their affirmed gender.

Sexual orientation: The term 'sexual orientation' refers to a person's emotional or sexual attraction to another person, including, amongst others, the following identities: heterosexual, gay, lesbian, bisexual, pansexual, asexual or same-sex attracted.

Gender identity: The term 'gender identity' refers to a person's deeply held internal and individual sense of gender.

Gender expression: The term 'gender expression' refers to the way in which a person externally expresses their gender or how they are perceived by others.

Intersex: The term 'intersex' refers to people who have genetic, hormonal or physical characteristics that are not exclusively 'male' or 'female'. A person who is intersex may identify as male, female, intersex or as being of indeterminate sex.

Victimisation means treating someone unfairly or unfavorably, or threatening to do so, because that person has, or intends to, pursue their right to make any complaint, including a complaint under government legislation (e.g. anti-discrimination legislation) or under this policy, or for supporting another person to make complaint.

Vilification means behaviour that occurs in public which incites hatred towards, serious contempt for, or revulsion or severe ridicule of a person or group of people because that person or persons have a particular personal characteristic. Anti-discrimination laws in Australia make it unlawful to vilify a person or group of persons on the basis of race, religion, homosexuality, transgender status and HIV/AIDS status.



PART B: EMPLOYMENT SCREENING / WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHECK REQUIREMENTS

We are committed to providing a safe environment for children. As part of this, we will recruit staff and volunteers who do not pose a risk to children.

Employment screening and Working with Children Checks can involve criminal history checks, signed declarations, referee checks and other appropriate checks that assess a person's suitability to work with children and young people.

Working with Children Check laws are currently in place in New South Wales, Queensland, Western Australia, Victoria, the Northern Territory, the Australian Capital Territory, Tasmania and South Australia.

Modern Pentathlon Australia including our state associations and clubs, will meet the requirements of the relevant state or territory working with Children Check laws.

Individuals travelling with children and young people to another state or territory in a work-related capacity must comply with the screening requirements of that particular state or territory.



Attachment B1: MEMBER PROTECTION DECLARATION

Modern Pentathlon Australia has a duty of care to all those associated with our organisation and to the individuals and organisations to whom this policy applies. It is a requirement of our national Member Protection Policy that we check the background of each person who works, coaches or has regular unsupervised contact with children and young people under the age of 18 years.

I (name) of

sincerely declare:

- 1. I do not have any criminal charge pending before the courts.
- 2. I do not have any criminal convictions or findings of guilt for sexual offences, offences related to children or acts of violence or drug offences.
- 3. I have not had any disciplinary proceedings brought against me by an employer, sporting organisation or similar body involving child abuse, sexual misconduct or harassment, other forms of harassment or acts of violence or drug offences.
- 4. I am not currently serving a sanction for an anti-doping rule violation under an Australian Sports Anti-Doping Authority (ASADA) approved anti-doping policy applicable to me.
- 5. I will not participate in, facilitate or encourage any practice prohibited by the World Anti-Doping Agency Code or any other ASADA approved anti-doping policy applicable to me.
- 6. To my knowledge, there is no other matter that Modern Pentathlon Australia may consider to constitute a risk to its members, employees, volunteers, athletes or reputation by engaging me.
- **7.** I will notify the President or National Secretary of the organisation/s engaging me immediately upon becoming aware that any matter set out above has changed.

Declared in the state/territory of

on/.......(date) Signature

Consent of parent/guardian (on behalf of a person under the age of 18 years)

I have read and understood the declaration provided by my child. I confirm and warrant that the contents of the declaration provided by my child are true and correct in every particular.

Name:

Signature:

Date:

Attachment B2: WORKING WITH CHILDREN CHECK REQUIREMENTS

Working with Children Checks aim to create a child-safe environment and to protect children and young people involved in our sport from physical and sexual harm.

They assess the suitability of people to work with children and young people and can involve:

- criminal history checks;
- signed declarations;
- referee checks; and
- Other relevant background checks to assess a person's suitability to work with children and young people.

Working with Children Check requirements vary across Australia. <u>Fact Sheets</u> for each state and territory are available on the Play by the Rules website: <u>www.playbytherules.net</u>

Detailed information, including the forms required to complete a Working with Children Check, are available from the relevant agencies in each state and territory.

Australian Capital Territory

Contact the Office of Regulatory Services Website: <u>www.ors.act.gov.au/community/working_with_vulnerable_people_wwvp</u> Phone: 02 6207 3000

New South Wales

Contact the Office of the Children's Guardian Website: <u>www.kidsguardian.nsw.gov.au/check</u> Phone: 02 9286 7276

Northern Territory

Contact the Northern Territory Screening Authority Website: <u>www.workingwithchildren.nt.gov.au</u> Phone: 1800 SAFE NT (1800 723 368)

Queensland

Contact the Queensland Government Blue Card Services Website: <u>www.bluecard.qld.gov.au</u> Phone: 1800 113 611

South Australia

Contact the Department for Education and Child Development Website: <u>www.families.sa.gov.au/childsafe</u> Phone: 08 8463 6468. National Police Check: <u>www.police.sa.gov.au/services-and-events/apply-for-a-police-record-check</u> DCSI Child Related Work Screening: <u>http://www.dcsi.sa.gov.au/services/screening</u>

Tasmania

Contact the Department of Justice Website: <u>www.justice.tas.gov.au/working_with_children</u> Phone: 1300 13 55 13

Victoria

Contact the Department of Justice Website: <u>www.workingwithchildren.vic.gov.au</u> Phone: 1300 652 879

Western Australia

Contact the Department for Child Protection Website: <u>www.checkwwc.wa.gov.au</u> Phone: 1800 883 979

Travelling to other states or territories

It is important to remember that when travelling to other states or territories, representatives of sporting organisations must comply with the legislative requirements of that particular state or territory.

In certain jurisdictions, temporary, time limited exemptions from working with children checks may be available for interstate visitors with a Working with Children Check in their home state.

The laws providing interstate exemptions are not consistent across Australia.

If an employee or volunteer for your organisation is travelling interstate to do work that would normally require a working for children check, you will need to check the relevant requirements of that state or territory.



PART C: COMPLAINT HANDLING PROCEDURES

Attachment C1: COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE

Modern Pentathlon Australia is committed to supporting people associated with our sport to make and resolve any complaints they may have in a fair, timely and effective way.

We will endeavour to deal with complaints on a confidential basis. We will not provide information about the complaint to another person without the complainant's consent, except if the law requires us disclose this information or it is necessary to properly deal with the complaint. To ensure fairness for everyone involved, we will provide the full details of the complaint to the person or people against whom the complaint has been made and ask for their response. As a result, it may be difficult for us to resolve complaints made anonymously.

We will provide **informal and formal procedures** to deal with complaints. Individuals and organisations can also make **complaints to external organisations** under anti-discrimination, child protection and other relevant laws.

Informal approaches

Step 1: Talk with the other person (if safe, reasonable and appropriate)

If you feel confident and comfortable to do so, you can approach the other person to discuss the issues and try and resolve the problem directly.

Step 2: Contact a Member Protection Information Officer

We encourage you to talk with our National Secretary if:

- step 1 (above) is not appropriate;
- you are not sure how to handle the problem by yourself;
- you want to talk confidentially with someone and find out what options are available to address your concern; or
- The concern continues after you approached the other person.

The name and contact details for our National Secretary (acting as MPIO) are available at www.pentathlon.org.au

The National Secretary will:

- ask how you would like your concern to be resolved and if you need support
- seek to provide different options for you to address your concern
- act as a support person, if you wish
- refer you to an appropriate person (e.g. a mediator) to help you address your concern, if appropriate
- inform the relevant government authorities and/or police, if required by law to do so
- Where possible and appropriate, maintain confidentiality.

Step 3: Decide how to address your concern

After talking with the National Secretary, you may decide:

- there is no problem;
- the problem is minor and you do not wish to take the matter forward;
- to try and resolve the problem yourself, with or without a support person;
- to resolve the problem with the help of someone impartial, such as a mediator; or
- To resolve the matter through a formal process.

Formal approaches



Step 4: Making a formal complaint

If it is not possible or appropriate to resolve your complaint through an informal process, you may:

- make a formal complaint in writing to the President, Modern Pentathlon Australia, or
- Approach a relevant external agency, such as an anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission, for advice and assistance.

After receiving a formal complaint, and based on the material you provide, the President will decide whether:

- he or she is the most appropriate person to receive and handle the complaint;
- the nature and seriousness of the complaint requires a formal resolution procedure;
- to refer the complaint to **mediation**;
- to appoint a person to investigate the complaint;
- to refer the complaint to a **tribunal hearing**;
- to refer the matter to the **police or other appropriate authority**; and/or
- To implement any interim arrangements that will apply until the complaint process is completed.

In dealing with your formal complaint, the President will take into account:

- whether he or she has had any personal involvement in the circumstances and if so, whether it is appropriate someone else should handle the complaint;
- your wishes, and the wishes of the respondent, regarding how the complaint should be handled;
- the relationship between you and the respondent (e.g. an actual or perceived power imbalance between you and the respondent);
- whether the facts of the complaint are in dispute; and
- The urgency of the complaint, including the possibility that you might face further unacceptable behaviour while the complaint process is underway.

If the President is the appropriate person to handle the complaint, he or she will, where appropriate and/or necessary:

- provide the information received from you to the other person(s) involved and ask for a response;
- decide if there is enough information to determine whether the matter alleged in your complaint did or did not occur; and/or
- Determine what, if any, further action to take, including referring the matter for investigation or disciplinary action in accordance with this policy.

Step 5: Investigating the complaint

In some cases, an investigation may be required to determine the facts surrounding the complaint. Our investigations procedure is outlined in Attachment C3.

Following the investigation, a written report will be provided to the Executive Board.

- If the complaint is referred to **mediation**, we will follow the steps outlined in Attachment C2 or as agreed by you, the respondent and the mediator.
- If the complaint is referred to a **tribunal hearing**, the hearing will be conducted according to the steps outlined in Attachment C4.
- If the complaint is referred to the **police or another external agency**, we will endeavor to provide all reasonable assistance required by the police or the agency.



Any costs incurred by us relating to the complaint process set out in this policy (e.g. investigation, mediation and/or a tribunal hearing) are to be met by the complainant, unless otherwise stated.

Step 6: Reconsidering a complaint or appealing a decision

If the matter is referred to mediation and is not resolved at mediation, you may request that President reconsider the complaint in accordance with Step 3.

In accordance with Modern Pentathlon Australia Constitution you or the respondent(s) may also appeal a decision made at a tribunal hearing. The grounds and process for appeals are set out in Attachment C4.

Step 7: Documenting the resolution

The President will record the complaint, the steps taken to resolve it and the outcome. This information will be stored in a confidential and secure place. If the complaint was dealt with at the state/district level, the information will be stored by the state association. If the matter is of a serious nature, or if it was dealt with at the national level, the information will be stored by Modern Pentathlon Australia and a copy stored by the state association.

Approaching external organisations

If you feel that you have been harassed or discriminated against, you can seek advice from your state or territory anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission. There is no obligation to make a formal complaint. However, if the commission advises you that the issues appear to be within its jurisdiction, you may choose to lodge a formal complaint with the commission.

The commission may investigate your complaint. The commission may also attempt to conciliate the complaint on a confidential basis. If this fails, or if it is not appropriate, the complaint may go to a formal hearing. The tribunal will make a finding and decide what action, if any, will be taken.

If you do lodge a complaint with the commission, an appropriate person from our organisation (e.g. an MPIO) will be available to support you during the process. You may also wish to have a legal representation, particularly if the complaint goes to a formal hearing.

Contact details for the state and territory anti-discrimination and equal opportunity commissions are available on the Play by the Rules website: http://www.playbytherules.net.au/resources/quick-reference-guide.

Serious incidents, such as assault or sexual assault, should be reported to the police.



Mediation is a process that seeks to resolve complaints with the assistance of an impartial person – the mediator.

The mediator does not decide who is right or wrong and does not tell either side what they must do. Instead, he or she helps those involved to discuss the issues and seeks to facilitate a mutually agreeable solution.

Our approach to mediation follows the steps set out below.

- The National Secretary will appoint an appropriate mediator to help resolve the complaint. This
 will be done under the direction of Modern Pentathlon Australia and in consultation with the
 complainant and the respondent(s). The mediator will be an independent person in the context of
 the complaint; however this does not preclude a person with an association with Modern
 Pentathlon acting as mediator.
- 2. The mediator will talk with the complainant and respondent(s) about how the mediation will take place and who will participate. At a minimum, the mediator will prepare an agenda of issues to be discussed.
- 3. All issues raised during mediation will be treated confidentially. We also respect the rights of the complainant and the respondent(s) to pursue an alternative process if the complaint is not resolved.
- 4. If the complaint is resolved by mediation, where appropriate the mediator may seek to ensure the parties execute a document that sets out the agreement that has been reached. This agreement will be signed by the complainant and the respondent(s). We expect the parties involved to respect and comply with the terms of the agreement.
- 5. If the complaint is not resolved by mediation, the complainant may:
 - write to National Secretary to request that the National Secretary reconsider the complaint; and
 - Approach any relevant external agency, such as an anti-discrimination or equal opportunity commission, to resolve the matter.

We recognise that there are some situations where mediation may not be appropriate, including:

- when the people involved have completely different versions of the incident;
- when one or both parties are unwilling to attempt mediation;
- when there is a real or perceived power imbalance between the people involved;
- Matters that involve serious allegations.

Attachment C3: INVESTIGATION PROCESS

There will be times when a complaint will need to be investigated and information gathered.

An investigation helps determine the facts relating to the incident, if requested, recommendations as to possible findings and next steps.

Any investigation we conduct will be fair to all people involved. The investigation process will be undertaken by an unbiased person.

If we decide that a complaint should be investigated, we will follow the steps outlined below.



- 1. We will provide a written brief to the investigator that sets out the terms of engagement and his or her roles and responsibilities.
- 2. The investigator may:
 - interview the complainant and record the interview in writing;
 - provide full details of the complaint to the respondent(s) so that they can respond
 - interview the respondent(s) to allow them to answer the complaint and record the interview in writing;
 - obtain statements from witnesses and collect other relevant evidence;
 - make a finding as to whether the complaint is:
 - **substantiated** (there is sufficient evidence to support the complaint)
 - inconclusive (there is insufficient evidence either way);
 - unsubstantiated (there is sufficient evidence to show that the complaint is unfounded);
 - Mischievous, vexatious or knowingly untrue.
 - Provide a report to the National Secretary documenting the complaint, the investigation process, the evidence,) and, if requested, any findings and recommendations.
- 3. We will provide a report to the complainant and the respondent(s) documenting the complaint, the investigation process and summarising key points from the investigation.
- 4. The complainant and the respondent(s) will be entitled to support throughout this process from their chosen support person or adviser (e.g. National Secretary).

Attachment C4: PROCEDURE FOR HANDLING ALLEGATIONS OF CHILD ABUSE

If you believe a child is in immediate danger or a life-threatening situation, contact the Police immediately on 000.

Fact sheets on reporting allegations of child abuse in different states and territories are available at <u>www.playbytherules.net.au</u>

We will treat any allegation of child abuse or neglect promptly, seriously and with a high degree of sensitivity.

All people working with Modern Pentathlon Australia in a paid or unpaid capacity have a duty to report any concerns to the appropriate authorities, following the steps outlined below.

Step 1: Receive the allegation

If a child or young person raises with you an allegation of child abuse or neglect that relates to them or to another child, it is important that you listen, stay calm and be supportive.



Do	Don't
Make sure you are clear about what the child	Do not challenge or undermine the child
has told you	
Reassure the child that what has occurred is not	Do not seek detailed information, ask leading
his or her fault	questions or offer an opinion.
Explain that other people may need to be told in	Do not discuss the details with any person other
order to stop what is happening.	than those detailed in these procedures.
Promptly and accurately record the discussion in	Do not contact the alleged offender.
writing.	

Step 2: Report the allegation

- Immediately report any allegation of child abuse or neglect, or any situation involving a child at risk of harm, to the police and/or the relevant child protection agency. You may need to make a report to both.
- Contact the relevant child protection agency or police for advice if there is <u>any</u> doubt about whether the allegation should be reported.
- If the allegation involves a person to whom this policy applies, then also report the allegation to the National Secretary of Modern Pentathlon Australia so that he or she can manage the situation.

Step 3: Protect the child and manage the situation

- The National Secretary will assess the immediate risks to the child and take interim steps to ensure the child's safety and the safety of any other children. This may include redeploying the alleged offender to a position where there is no unsupervised contact with children, supervising the alleged offender or removing/suspending him or her until any investigations have been concluded. Legal advice should be sought before any interim steps are made if the person is an employee of Modern Pentathlon Australia.
- The National Secretary will consider what services may be most appropriate to support the child and his or her parent/s.
- The National Secretary will consider what support services may be appropriate for the alleged offender.
- The National Secretary will seek to put in place measures to protect the child and the alleged offender from possible Victimisation and gossip.

Step 4: Take internal action

- At least three different investigations could be undertaken to examine allegations that are made against a person to whom this policy applies, including:
 - a criminal investigation (conducted by the police)
 - a child protection investigation (conducted by the relevant child protection agency)
 - A disciplinary or misconduct inquiry/investigation (conducted by Modern Pentathlon Australia).



- Modern Pentathlon Australia will assess the allegations and determine what action should be taken in the circumstances. Depending on the situation, action may include considering whether the alleged offender should return to his or her position, be dismissed, banned or suspended or face other disciplinary action.
- If disciplinary action is undertaken, we will follow the procedures set out in Clause 9 of our Member Protection Policy.
- Where required we will provide the relevant government agency with a report of any disciplinary action we take.
- Contact details for advice or to report an allegation of child abuse

Australian Capital Territory	
ACT Police	Office for Children, Youth and Family Services
Non-urgent police assistance	http://www.communityservices.act.gov.au/ocyfs/reporting-
Ph.: 131 444	child-abuse-and-neglect
www.afp.gov.au	Ph.: 1300 556 729
New South Wales	
New South Wales Police	Department of Family and Community Services
Non-urgent police assistance	www.community.nsw.gov.au
Ph.: 131 444	Ph.: 132 111
www.police.nsw.gov.au	
Northern Territory	
Northern Territory Police	Department of Children and Families
Non-urgent police assistance	www.childrenandfamilies.nt.gov.au
Ph.: 131 444	Ph.: 1800 700 250
www.pfes.nt.gov.au	
Queensland	
Queensland Police	Department of Communities, Child Safety and Disability
Non-urgent police assistance	Services
Ph.: 131 444	www.communities.qld.gov.au/childsafety
www.police.qld.gov.au	Ph.: 1800 811 810
South Australia	
South Australia Police	Department for Education and Child Development
Non-urgent police assistance	www.families.sa.gov.au/childsafe
Ph.: 131 444	Ph.: 131 478
www.sapolice.sa.gov.au	
Tasmania	
Tasmania Police	Department of Health and Human Services
Non-urgent police assistance	www.dhhs.tas.gov.au/children
Ph: 131 444	Ph.: 1300 737 639
www.police.tas.gov.au	
Victoria	
Victoria Police	Department of Human Services
Non-urgent police assistance	www.dhs.vic.gov.au
Ph: (03) 9247 6666	Ph.: 131 278
www.police.vic.gov.au	
Western Australia	

	~3/Ka	~
Western Australia Police	Department for Child Protection and Family Support	
Non-urgent police assistance	www.dcp.wa.gov.au	
Ph.: 131 444	Ph.: (08) 9222 2555 or 1800 622 258	
www.police.wa.gov.au		



Attachment C5: TRIBUNAL PROCEDURE

We will follow the steps set out below to hear formal complaints made under our Member Protection Policy.

Preparing for a Tribunal hearing

- 1. A Tribunal panel will be established, according to the rules set out in our constituent documents, rules and by-laws, to hear a complaint that has been referred to it by National Secretary.
- 2. The number of Tribunal panel members required to be present throughout the hearing will be as a minimum of three including the MPA President, one other Executive committee member of MPA and an independent member of another National Sporting Organisation (as recognized by the Australian Sports Commission and as selected by the President of MPA). If either of the MPA Tribunal members or the National Secretary is in any way involved in the Hearing their place shall be taken by an/other MPA Executive member/s.
- 3. The Tribunal panel members will be provided with a copy of all the relevant correspondence, reports or information received and sent by National Secretary relating to the complaint/allegations.
- 4. The Tribunal hearing will be held as soon as practicable. However, adequate time must be provided for the respondent(s) to prepare for the hearing.
- 5. The National Secretary will inform the respondent(s) in writing that a Tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - that the person has a right to appear at the Tribunal hearing to defend the complaint/allegations;
 - the details of the complaint and of all allegations, as well as the provision or clause of any policy, rule or regulation that has allegedly been breached;
 - the date, time and venue of the Tribunal hearing;
 - that verbal and/or written submissions can be presented at the Tribunal hearing;
 - that witnesses may attend the Tribunal hearing to support the position of the respondent/s;
 - an outline of any possible sanctions that may be imposed if the complaint is found to be true;
 - That legal representation will not be allowed. [The respondent may be assisted by a support person at a Tribunal hearing. For example, where the respondent is a minor, he or she should have a parent or guardian present. However a person cannot be a support person if he or she has been admitted to the practice as a lawyer or worked as a trainee lawyer.] A copy of any investigation report findings will be provided to the respondent(s).
- 6. The National Secretary will notify the complainant in writing that a Tribunal hearing will take place. The notice will outline:
 - that the person has a right to appear at the Tribunal hearing to support their complaint;
 - the details of the complaint, including any relevant rules or regulations the respondent is accused of breaching;
 - the date, time and venue of the Tribunal hearing;
 - that verbal and/or written submissions can be presented at the Tribunal hearing;
 - that witnesses may attend the Tribunal hearing to support the complainant's position;
 - That legal representation will not be allowed. [The respondent may be assisted by a support person at a Tribunal hearing. For example, where the respondent is a minor, he or she should have a parent or guardian present. However, a person cannot be a support



person if he or she has been admitted to practice as a lawyer or worked as a trainee lawyer.]

A copy of the investigation report findings will be provided to the complainant.

- 7. If the complainant believes the details of the complaint are incorrect or insufficient, he or she should inform the National Secretary as soon as possible so that the respondent(s) and members of the Tribunal panel can be properly informed of the complaint.
- 8. If possible, the Tribunal panel should include at least one person with knowledge or experience of the relevant laws/rules (e.g. anti-discrimination).

Tribunal hearing procedure

- 9. The following people will be allowed to attend the Tribunal hearing:
 - Tribunal panel members;
 - the respondent(s);
 - the complainant;
 - any witnesses called by the respondent(s);
 - any witnesses called by the complainant;
 - Any parent/guardian or support person required to support the respondent or the complainant.
- 10. If the respondent(s) is not present at the set hearing time and the Tribunal chairperson considers that no valid reason has been presented for this absence, the Tribunal hearing will continue subject to the chairperson being satisfied that all Tribunal notification requirements have been met.
- 11. If the Tribunal chairperson considers that there is a valid reason for the non-attendance of the respondent(s), or the chairperson does not believe the Tribunal notification requirements have been met, then the Tribunal hearing will be rescheduled to a later date.
- 12. If the Tribunal chairperson wishes to reschedule the Tribunal hearing date, the Tribunal chairperson will inform the National Secretary of the need to reschedule the hearing and the National Secretary will arrange for the Tribunal to be reconvened.
- 13. The Tribunal chairperson will read out the complaint, ask each respondent if he or she understands the complaint and if he or she agrees or disagrees with the complaint.
- 14. If the respondent agrees with the complaint, he or she will be asked to provide any evidence or witnesses that should be considered by the Tribunal when determining any sanctions.
- 15. If the respondent disagrees with the complaint, the complainant will be asked to describe the circumstances that lead to the complaint being made.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The complainant may call witnesses.
 - The respondent may question the complainant and any witnesses.
- 16. The respondent will then be asked to respond to the complaint.
 - Reference may be made to brief notes.
 - The respondent may call witnesses.
 - The complainant may ask questions of the respondent and any witnesses.
- 17. The complainant and respondent(s) may be present when evidence is presented to the Tribunal hearing. Witnesses may be asked to wait outside the hearing until they are required.
- 18. The Tribunal may:
 - consider any evidence, and in any form, that it deems relevant;
 - ask questions of any person giving evidence;
 - limit the number of witnesses (including limiting witnesses to those persons who only provide new evidence);



- require (to the extent it has power to do so) the attendance of any witness it deems relevant; and
- Act in an inquisitorial manner in order to establish the truth of the issue/complaint before it.
- 19. Video evidence, if available, may be presented. Arrangements for the viewing of this evidence must be made entirely by the person(s) wishing to offer this type of evidence.
- 20. If the Tribunal panel considers that at any time during the hearing there is any unreasonable or intimidator behaviour from anyone, the Tribunal chairperson may deny further involvement of that person in the hearing.
- 21. After all the evidence has been presented, the Tribunal will make its decision in private. The Tribunal must decide whether the complaint has, on the balance of probabilities, been substantiated.
- 22. All Tribunal decisions will be by majority vote.
- 23. The Tribunal chairperson may announce the decision of the Tribunal at the conclusion of the hearing. Alternatively, he or she may reserve the decision of the Tribunal at the conclusion of the hearing and deliver the decision at a later time.
- 24. The respondent(s) will have the opportunity to make submissions to the Tribunal in relation to any sanctions that may be imposed.
- 25. Within 48 hours of the Tribunal delivering its decision, the Tribunal chairperson will:
 - Forward a notice of the Tribunal's decision to the National Secretary, including details of any sanction imposed.
 - Forward a letter reconfirming the Tribunal's decision to the respondent(s), including any sanction imposed. The letter should also outline the process and grounds for an appeal, if allowed.
- 26. The Tribunal does not need to provide written reasons for its decision.

Appeals procedure

- 27. A complainant or a respondent(s) may lodge with Modern Pentathlon Australia an appeal in relation to the decision of a Tribunal on one or more of the following grounds:
 - 27.1 That a denial of procedural fairness has occurred;
 - 27.2 That the sanction imposed is unjust and/or unreasonable;
 - 27.3 That the decision was not supported by the information/evidence provided at the mediation or to the Tribunal Hearing;
- 28. A person wanting to appeal must lodge a letter setting out the basis for their appeal with the National Secretary within seven (7) days of the decision being made. An appeal fee of \$100 shall be included with the letter of intention to appeal
- 29. If the letter of appeal is not received by the National Secretary within this time, the right of appeal will lapse.
- 30. The letter of appeal and the notice of the Tribunal's decision (clause 24) will be forwarded to the Modern Pentathlon board to review and to decide whether there are sufficient grounds for the appeal to proceed. The board may invite any witnesses to the meeting that he or she believes are required to make an informed decision.



- 31. If the appellant has not shown sufficient grounds for an appeal in accordance with clause 26, then the appeal will be rejected. The appellant will be notified in writing, including the reasons for the decision.
- a. If the appeal is accepted, an Appeal Tribunal with new panel members will be convened to rehear the complaint.
- b. The Tribunal hearing procedure shall be followed for the Appeal Tribunal.
- c. The decision of the Appeal Tribunal will be final and binding.

PART D: CODES OF BEHAVIOUR

We seek to provide a safe, fair and inclusive environment for everyone involved in our organisation and in our sport.

To achieve this, we require certain standards of behavior by players/athletes, coaches, officials, administrators, parents/guardians (of child participants) and spectators.

Our codes of behaviour are underpinned by the following core values.

- To act within the rules and spirit of our sport.
- To display respect and courtesy towards everyone involved in our sport and prevent discrimination and harassment.
- To prioritise the safety and well-being of children and young people involved in our sport.
- To encourage and support opportunities for participation in all aspects of our sport.

Attachment D1:	Coach Code of Conduct
Attachment D2:	Official Code of Conduct
Attachment D3:	Player/Athlete Code of Conduct
Attachment D4:	Administrator (volunteer) Code of Conduct
Attachment D5:	Parent/Guardian Code of Conduct
Attachment D6:	Spectator Code of Conduct





I,	of	
Full Name		Address

I agree to abide by the following:

The Modern Pentathlon Australia Code of Conduct overleaf and the provisions of the Constitution and By Laws of the state body in which I reside, and Modern Pentathlon Australia which can be viewed via the Modern Pentathlon Australia Website.

All Modern Pentathlon Australia Policies applicable including the Anti-Doping Policy and Membership Protection Policy which can be viewed via the Modern Pentathlon Australia Website.

I acknowledge that Modern Pentathlon Australia may take disciplinary action against me, if I breach the Modern Pentathlon Australia Code of Conduct. I understand that Modern Pentathlon Australia is required to implement the Modern Pentathlon Australia Membership Protection Policy (MPP) complaints handling procedure in accordance with the principles of natural justice, in the event of an allegation against me.

I acknowledge that disciplinary action against me may include de-registration from the NCAS.

Please refer to the Harassment-free Sport Guidelines available from the Australian Sports Commission if you require more information on harassment issues.

Signature

(if under 18, parent / guardian signature)

Date ___/___/

Witness Name

Signature

Date ___/___/

MPA COACH CODE OF CONDUCT



Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every human being.

Ensure the athlete's time spent with you is a positive one.

Treat each athlete as an individual

Provide a drug free environment

Be Fair, considerate and honest with athletes

Be professional and accept responsibility for your actions.

Make a commitment to providing a quality service to your athletes.

Operate within the rules of your sport. Any physical contact with athletes should be:

*Appropriate to the situation.

*Necessary for the athlete's skill development. *Refrain from any form of personal abuse Towards your athletes.

Refrain from any form of harassment.

Provide a safe environment for training and competition.

Show concern and caution towards sick and injured athletes.

Be a positive role model for your sport and athletes. Refrain from inappropriate behaviour towards

Officials and parents. Within the context of the activity, treat everyone equally regardless of sex, disability, ethnic origin or religion.

All athletes are deserving of equal attention and opportunities.

Respect the talent, development stage and goals of each individual athlete; help each athlete reach their full potential. Not advocate, prescribe, recommend, support, administer or participate in the use of drugs, stimulates, or doping practices in respect of any athlete under my coaching and direction and abide by the Anti-Doping Policy of Modern Pentathlon Australia or Anti-Doping Policy adopted by Modern Pentathlon Australia. Coaches should educate their athletes on drugs in sport issues in consultation with ASADA.

Language, manner, punctuality, preparation and presentation should display high standards. Display control, respect, dignity and professionalism to all involved in the sport - this includes opponents, coach's officials, administrators, the media, parents and spectators. Encourage your athletes to demonstrate the same qualities.

Seek continual improvement through performance appraisal and ongoing coach education. Provide a training program which is planned and sequential. Maintain appropriate records.

The guidelines of National and international bodies governing your sport should be followed. Please contact Modern Pentathlon Australia for a rule book and any relevant policies.

This includes verbal, physical and emotional abuse. Be alert to any forms of abuse directed towards your athletes from other sources whilst they are in your care.

This includes sexual harassment, racial vilification and harassment on the grounds of disability. You should not only refrain from initiating a relationship with an athlete but should also discourage any attempt by an athlete to initiate a sexual relationship with you, explaining the ethical basis of your refusal.

Ensure equipment and facilities meet safety standards. Equipment, rules, training and the environment need to be appropriate for the age of the athletes.

Provide a modified training program where appropriate. Encourage athletes to seek medical advice when required. Maintain the same interest and support towards sick and injured athletes.

Abuse and insults directed at officials or parents. Refer "Harassment- Free Sport guidelines" available from the Australian Sports Commission.

Attachment D2:	Official Code of Conduct	MODERN PENTATHLON

I,		of	
	Full Name		Address

I agree to abide by the following:

The Modern Pentathlon Australia Officials Code of Conduct overleaf and the provisions of the Constitution and By Laws of the state body in which I reside, and Modern Pentathlon Australia which can be viewed via the Modern Pentathlon Australia Website.

All Modern Pentathlon Australia Policies applicable including the Anti-Doping Policy and Membership Protection Policy which can be viewed via the Modern Pentathlon Australia Website.

I acknowledge that Modern Pentathlon Australia may take disciplinary action against me, if I breach the Officials Code of Conduct. I understand that Modern Pentathlon Australia is required to implement the Modern Pentathlon Australia Membership Protection Policy (MPP) complaints handling procedure in accordance with the principles of natural justice, in the event of an allegation against me.

Please refer to the Harassment-free Sport Guidelines available from the Australian Sports Commission if you require more information on harassment issues.

	//	
Signature (if under 18, parent / guardian signature)	Date	
	//	
Witness	Date	



REFEREE/OFFICIALS CODE OF BEHAVIOUR

Includes: Fencing officials, International Judges, officials for each of the disciplines (swim, ride and combined event), volunteer officials and appointed officers of Modern Pentathlon Australia, Member Associations and Affiliated Clubs:

Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every human being regardless of age, gender, ethnic origin, religion or ability. Be professional in your appearance and manner and accept responsibility for all actions taken. Provide a drug free environment	Display control, respect dignity and professionalism to all involved with modern pentathlon (including athletes, coaches, officials, administrator parents and spectators) and encourage other referees/officials to demonstrate these qualities. Be courteous, respectable and open to discussion and interaction.
Make a commitment to providing quality service to officiating in your state and MPA by seeking continual improvement of your officiating knowledge and skill through study, performance appraisal and regular updating of competencies. Operate within the rules and spirit of modern pentathlon. Refrain from any form of personal abuse towards athletes, officials, parents and coaches.	Not advocate, prescribe, recommend, support, administer or participate in the use of drugs, stimulates, or doping practices in respect of any athlete under my coaching and direction and abide by the Anti-Doping Policy of Modern Pentathlon Australia or Anti-Doping Policy adopted by Modern Pentathlon Australia. Maintain and improve your Australian or International Judges License (if applicable).
Refrain from any form of sexual harassment. Place the safety and welfare of the participants above all else. Be Impartial. Avoid any situation which may lead to a conflict of interest.	Abide by and respect the regulations governing modern pentathlon and sport generally and the organisations and individuals administering those regulations. This includes verbal and physical abuse. This includes explicit, implicit, verbal and nonverbal sexual harassment. Ensure that equipment and facilities meet rule
Show concern and caution towards sick and injured athletes. Encourage inclusivity and access to all areas of officiating. Be a positive role model for refereeing and officiating.	requirements and safety standards.

Attachment D3:

Athlete Code of Conduct

- Play by the rules.
- Never argue with an official. If you disagree, have your captain, coach or manager approach the official after the competition.
- Control your temper. Verbal abuse of officials and sledging other players, deliberately distracting or provoking an opponent are not acceptable or permitted behaviours in any sport.
- Work equally hard for yourself and/or your team. Your team's performance will benefit so will you.
- Be a good sport. Applaud all good plays whether they are made by your team or the opposition.
- Treat all participants in your sport as you like to be treated. Do not bully or take unfair advantage of another competitor.
- Cooperate with your coach, team mates and opponents. Without them there would be no competition.
- Participate for your own enjoyment and benefit, not just to please parents and coaches.
- Respect the rights, dignity and worth of all participants regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion.

Attachment D4: Administrator (volunteer) Code of Conduct

Includes:

Committee member, employee, contractor, and appointed officers of Modern Pentathlon Australia, Member Associations and Affiliated Clubs:

- Involve young people in planning, leadership, evaluation and decision making related to the activity.
- Give all young people equal opportunities to participate.
- Create pathways for young people to participate in sport not just as a player but as a coach, referee, administrator etc.
- Ensure that rules, equipment, length of games and training schedules are modified to suit the age, ability and maturity level of young players.
- Provide quality supervision and instruction for junior players.
- Remember that young people participate for their enjoyment and benefit. Do not over emphasise awards.



- Help coaches and officials highlight appropriate behaviour and skill development, and help improve the standards of coaching and officiating.
- Ensure that everyone involved in junior sport emphasises fair play, and not winning at all costs.
- Give a code of behaviour sheet to spectators, officials, parents, coaches, players and the media, and encourage them to follow it.
- Remember, you set an example. Your behaviour and comments should be positive and supportive.
- Support implementation of the National Junior Sport Policy.
- Make it clear that abusing young people in any way is unacceptable and will result in disciplinary action.
- Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every young person regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion.

Attachment D5: Parent/Guardian Code of Conduct

- Remember that children participate in sport for their enjoyment, not yours.
- Encourage children to participate, do not force them.
- Focus on the child's efforts and performance rather than winning or losing.
- Encourage children always to play according to the rules and to settle disagreements without resorting to hostility or violence.
- Never ridicule or yell at a child for making a mistake or losing a competition.
- Remember that children learn best by example. Appreciate good performances and skillful plays by all participants.
- Support all efforts to remove verbal and physical abuse from sporting activities.
- Respect officials' decisions and teach children to do likewise.
- Show appreciation for volunteer coaches, officials and administrators. Without them, your child could not participate.
- Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every young person regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion.
- Follow any access and communication (or any other) protocols determined by Modern Pentathlon Australia at domestic and international competitions and training camps



Attachment D6: Spectator Code of Conduct

- Remember that young people participate in sport for their enjoyment and benefit, not yours.
- Applaud good performance and efforts from all individuals and teams. Congratulate all participants on their performance regardless of the competition outcome.
- Respect the decisions of officials and teach young people to do the same.
- Never ridicule or scold a young player for making a mistake. Positive comments are motivational.
- Condemn the use of violence in any form, whether it is by spectators, coaches, officials or players.
- Show respect for opponents. Without them there would be no competition.
- Encourage athletes to follow the rules and the officials' decisions.
- Do not use foul language, sledge or harass players, coaches or officials.
- Respect the rights, dignity and worth of every young person regardless of their gender, ability, cultural background or religion.



PART E: REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND DOCUMENTS/FORMS

TO ASSIST IN CONSISTENCY AND ACCURACY IN FOLLOWING PROCEDURE AND REPORTING ON THE ISSUES COVERED BY THE MODERN PENTATHLON AUSTRALIA MEMBER PROTECTION POLICY, THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS ARE TO BE USED:

- E1 CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF INFORMAL COMPLAINT TO BE USED BY MPIOS OR OTHERS WHO RECEIVE A COMPLAINT OR ALLEGATION
- **E2 CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF FORMAL COMPLAINT** TO BE USED WHEN A FORMAL COMPLAINT IS RECEIVED BY MODERN PENTATHLON AUSTRALIA.
- E3 CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATION TO BE USED BY MPIOS OR OTHERS WHO RECEIVE COMPLAINTS/ALLEGATIONS OF CHILD ABUSE



Attachment E1: RECORD OF INFORMAL COMPLAINT

Name of person receiving complaint			Date: / /
Complainant's Name			
	? Over 18	🛾 Under 1	18
Role/status	Administrator (volunteAthlete/player	eer) 🛛 🤉 Par 😨 Spect	
	Coach/Assistant Coach	n 🛛 🛛 Suppo	ort Personnel
	2 Employee (paid)2 Official	Other	
When/where did the incident take place?			
What are the facts relating to the incident, as stated by complainant?			
What is the nature of the	Please circle applicable		
complaint?	Harassment	Discrimination	Sexual/sexist
(category/basis/grounds)	Selection dispute	Coaching methods	Sexuality
Circle more than one box	Personality clash	Verbal abuse	Race
if necessary	Bullying	Physical abuse	Religion
·	Disability	Victimisation	Pregnancy
	Child Abuse	Unfair decision	
	□ Other		

	"AARTO"
What does the complainant want to happen to resolve the issue?	
What other information has the complainant provided?	
What is the complainant going to do now?	

This record and any notes must be kept confidential and secure. If the issue becomes a formal complaint, this record is to be given to National Secretary.



Attachment E2: RECORD OF FORMAL COMPLAINT

Complainant's Name			Date Forma	l Cor	nplaint
	Over 18	🛙 Under 18	Received:	/	/
Complainant's contact details	Phone: Email:		I		
Complainant's role/position	 Administrator (volunte Athlete/player Coach/Assistant Coach Employee (paid) Official 	Spectator	onnel		
Name of person complained about (respondent)	? Over 18	🛛 Under 18	3		
Respondent's role/position	 Administrator (volunte Athlete/player Coach/Assistant Coach Employee (paid) Official 	Spectator	onnel		
Location/event of alleged incident					
Description of alleged incident					
Nature of complaint		Please circle applicable			
(category/basis/grounds)	Harassment	Discrimination	Sexual/sexis	t	
Circle more than one box	Selection dispute	Coaching methods	Sexuality		
if necessary	Personality clash	Verbal abuse	Race		
	Bullying	Physical abuse	Religion		
	Disability	Victimisation	Pregnancy		
	Child Abuse	Unfair decision			

	r	ROTRAUP
Methods (if any) of attempted informal resolution		
Formal resolution procedures followed (outline)		
If investigated:	Finding	
If heard by Tribunal:	Decision Action recommended	
If mediated:	Date of mediation: Both/all parties present Agreement Any other action taken	
If decision was appealed	Decision Action recommended	
Resolution	 I Less than 3 months to resolve Between 3 – 8 months to resolve More than 8 months to resolve 	
Completed by	Name: Position:	te / /
Signed by:	Complainant: Respondent:	

This record and any notes must be kept confidential and secure. If the complaint is of a serious nature, or if it is taken to and/or dealt with at the national level, the original record must be provided to Modern Pentathlon Australia and a copy kept with the organisation where the complaint was first made.



Attachment E3 CONFIDENTIAL RECORD OF CHILD ABUSE ALLEGATION

Before completing, ensure the procedures outlined in attachment E3 have been followed and advice has been sought from the relevant government agency and/or police.

Complainant's Name (if other than the child)			Date Formal Complaint Received: / /
Role/status in sport			
Child's name			Age:
Child's address			
Person's reason for suspecting abuse			
(e.g. observation, injury, disclosure)			
Name of person complained about			
Role/status in sport	Administrator (volunteer)	Parent	
	Athlete/player	Spectator	
	Coach/Assistant Coach	Support Per	sonnel
	Employee (paid)	□ Other	
Witnesses	Name (1):		
(if more than 3	Contact details:		
witnesses, attach details to this form)	Name (2):		
	Contact details:		
	Name (3):		
	Contact details:		
Interim action (if any) taken (to ensure child's safety and/or to support needs of person complained about)			
Police contacted	Who:		
	When:		
	Advice provided:		

		STRAU
Government agency contacted	Who: When: Advice provided:	
President and/or MPIO contacted	Who: When:	
Police and/or government agency investigation	Finding:	
Internal investigation (if any)	Finding:	
Action taken		
Completed by	Name: Position: Signature: //	
Signed by	Complainant (if not a child)	

This record and any notes must be kept in a confidential and safe place and provided to the relevant authorities (police and government) should they require them.